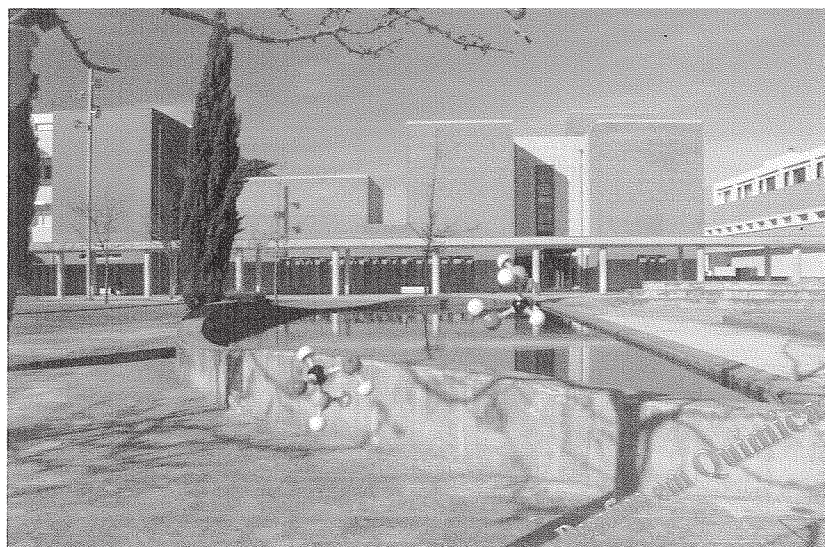


XXIII Encontro Nacional da SPQ



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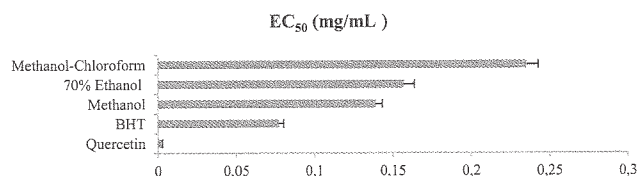
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Antioxidant activity evaluation from *Artemisia gorgonum* extracts

Neidy Rodrigues,^a Diana C. G. A. Pinto,^b Ana M. L. Seca,^{b,c} Helena Silva,^d Maria de Lourdes Pereira^a

^aDepartment of Biology & CICECO, University of Aveiro, 3810-193 Aveiro, Portugal; ^bDepartment of Chemistry & QOPNA, University of Aveiro, 3810-193 Aveiro, Portugal; ^cDCTD, University of Azores, 9501-801 Ponta Delgada, Portugal; ^dDepartamento de Biology & CESAM, University of Aveiro, 3810-193 Aveiro, Portugal

Artemisia gorgonum (Asteraceae) known as “losna or lorna” is used in Cape Verde in traditional medicine to treat inflammation, fever and gastroenteritis.^[1] The sesquiterpene lactone ridentin, furofuranlignansesamin and the flavonoid artemetin isolated from *A. gorgonum* showed anti-plasmodium *in vitro* activity.^[2,3] Recently, sesquiterpene lactones (*seco*-guaianolides) isolated from this plant, showed higher phytotoxic activity, and the authors suggested that they can be used as inspiration to develop new-herbicides.^[4] A few years ago was established that *A. gorgonum* volatile oil displays several biological properties including outstanding antioxidant activity.^[5] However, to our best knowledge, no study on the antioxidant potential of other *A. gorgonum* extracts has been published. Thus, the antioxidant activity of methanol, 70% ethanol, chloroform-methanol and chloroform extracts from *A. gorgonum* leaves was evaluated using the DPPH (2,2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl) assay.^[6] The radical scavenging effect of these extracts will be presented, discussed and compared with the radical scavenging effects of quercetin and BHT (butylatedhydroxytoluene), used as positive controls.



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